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Framing the Conversation

- Often security teams ask the DDI administrators for access to data like IP addresses and DNS records. What do they typically do with that data
- What do security teams usually do when they receive an indicator of compromise



How do we Obtain Threat Data?



<u>Observed</u> – Indicators and data collected from direct observation or experimentation.

<u>Response</u> – Threat data collected during incident response or investigation.

Exchanged – Threat data and intelligence purchased or shared from another party.



PFM is the Cornerstone



<u>Pivot</u> – The practice of revealing new information by traversing from known indicators or initial seed data points to identify associated indicators or intelligence.

Farm – Organic creation of intelligence through investigation, experimentation, and deconstruction of active and historic threats to generate new data or insights.

Mine - Enrichment of threat data to create fused intelligence from existing data collections using transformation, quality assessments, and data analytics. Answer the unknown-knowns.

Malware

- Exploit Kits
- Banking Trojans
- Ransomware
- Destructive Attacks



DNS

- Tunneling
- DDoS
- Poisoning
- Hijacking



Data Breaches

- Point-of-sale Malware
- Financial Data Theft
- Personal Records
- Reputational (Anonymous, Lulzsec, Lizard Squad)

